Material: Blended Cement

Section I - Identification

Supplier: Holcim (US) Inc.
Address: 6211 N. Ann Arbor Road
Dundee, MI 48131
Telephone: 800-854-4656

Emergency Contact Information: (CHEMTREC)
Health 1-800-424-9300
Transportation 1-800-424-9300

Product Codes:
Blended Cement (ASTM C 595) Type P, IP, I(PM), S, IS, I(SM).
ASTM C 1157 Type, GU, HE, MS, HS, MH, LH. Also
Envirobase and Envirosset blended cements.
(This MSDS covers many products. Individual constituents will vary.)

Chemical Family:
Chemical compounds. Mineral Composite; Calcium silicates and other calcium or silicious compounds.

Chemical Name and Synonyms:

Section II - Components

Hazardous Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA)</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV-TWA (1995-1996)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portland cement</td>
<td>65997-15-1</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fly ash</td>
<td>69012-78-8</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground granulated blast furnace slag</td>
<td>65996-69-2</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrated lime</td>
<td>39445-23-3</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gypsum</td>
<td>13397-24-5</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cement Kiln Dust (CKD)</td>
<td>68475-76-3</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ (total dust); 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica (Quartz)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (respirable dust) / (percent silica + 2)</td>
<td>0.10 mg/m³ (respirable dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexavalent Chromium (measured as chromic acid and chromates)</td>
<td>18540-29-9</td>
<td>30 mg/m³ (total dust) / (percent silica + 2)</td>
<td>100 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*NIOSH REL (8-hour TWA) = 0.05 mg/m³ respirable quartz dust

Trace constituents: The product codes listed above are made from various materials mined from the earth and are processed using heat provided by fossil fuels. Trace amounts of naturally occurring, potentially harmful chemicals might be detected during chemical analysis. For example, blended cement may contain amounts of insoluble residue, some of which may be free crystalline silica. Other trace constituents may include calcium oxide (also known as free lime or quick lime), free magnesium oxide, potassium and sodium sulfate compounds, chromium compounds, and nickel compounds.
### Section III - Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview**

Blended cement is a light gray or tan powder that poses little immediate hazard. A single short-term exposure to the dry powder is not likely to cause serious harm. However, exposure to wet blended cement can cause serious, potentially irreversible tissue (skin or eye) destruction in the form of chemical (caustic) burns or an allergic reaction. The same type of tissue destruction can occur if wet or moist areas of the body are exposed for sufficient duration to dry blended cement.

**Potential Health Effects**

- **Relevant Routes of Exposure:** Eye contact, skin contact, inhalation, and ingestion
- **Effects resulting from eye contact:** Exposure to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact with larger amounts of dry powder or splashes of wet blended cement may cause effects ranging from moderate eye irritation to chemical burns and blindness. Such exposures require immediate first aid (see section IV) and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.
- **Effects resulting from skin contact:** Discomfort or pain cannot be relied upon to alert a person to a hazardous skin exposure. Consequently, the only effective means of avoiding skin injury or illness involves minimizing skin contact, particularly contact with wet blended cement. Exposed persons may not feel discomfort until hours after the exposure has ended and significant injury has occurred.

Exposure to dry blended cement may cause drying of the skin with consequent mild irritation or more significant effects attributable to aggravation of other conditions. Dry blended cement contacting wet skin or exposure to moist or wet blended cement may cause more severe skin effects including thickening, cracking or fissuring of the skin. Prolonged exposure can cause severe skin damage in the form of (caustic) chemical burns. Some individuals may exhibit an allergic response (e.g., allergic contact dermatitis) upon exposure to blended cement, possibly due to trace amounts of chromium. The response may appear in a variety of forms ranging from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with the product. Other persons may experience this effect after years of contact with blended cement products.

- **Effects resulting from inhalation:** Blended cement contains small amounts of free crystalline silica. Prolonged exposure to respirable free crystalline silica can aggravate other lung conditions and cause silicosis, a disabling and potentially fatal lung disease and/or other diseases. Risk of injury or disease depends on duration and degree of exposure. (Also see “Carcinogenic potential” below.) Exposure to blended cement may cause irritation to the moist mucous membranes of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory system. It may also leave unpleasant deposits in the nose.
- **Effects resulting from ingestion:** Although small quantities of dust are not known to be harmful, ill effects are possible if larger quantities are consumed. Blended cement should not be eaten.
- **Carcinogenic potential:** NTP, OSHA, or IARC has not listed blended cement as a carcinogen. It may, however, contain trace amounts of substances listed as carcinogens by these organizations. Crystalline silica, which is present in blended cement in small amounts, has been listed by IARC and NTP as a known human carcinogen (Group I) through inhalation. Hexavalent chromium is listed by IARC, EPA, NTP and OSHA as Group I known human carcinogen by inhalation.
- **Medical conditions which may be aggravated by inhalation or dermal exposure:**
  - Pre-existing upper respiratory and lung diseases
  - Unusual (hyper) sensitivity to hexavalent chromium (chromium\(^{6+}\) ) salts.

### Section IV - First Aid

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water. Continue flushing eye for at least 15 minutes, including under lids, to remove all particles. Call physician immediately.

**Skin:** Wash skin with cool water and pH-neutral soap or a mild detergent. Seek medical treatment in all cases of prolonged exposure to wet blended cement, wet blended cement mixtures, wet concrete liquids from fresh blended cement products, or prolonged wet skin exposure to dry blended cement.

**Inhalation of Airborne Dust:** Remove to fresh air. Seek medical help if coughing or other symptoms do not subside. (Inhalation of gross amounts of blended cement requires immediate medical attention.)

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, have the victim drink plenty of water and call a physician immediately.

### Section V - Fire & Explosion Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Explosive Limit</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extinguishing media</td>
<td>Not Combustible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous combustion products</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not Combustible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Explosive Limit</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unusual fire &amp; explosion hazards</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Special fire fighting procedures: None. (Although blended cement poses no fire-related hazards, a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended to limit exposure to combustion products when fighting any fire.)

**Section VI - Accidental Release Measures**

Collect dry material using a scoop. Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as described in Section VIII.

Scrape up wet material and place in an appropriate container. Allow the material to “dry” before disposal. Do not attempt to wash blended cement down drains. Dispose of waste material according to local, state, and federal regulations.

**Section VII - Handling & Storage**

Keep blended cement dry until used. Normal temperatures and pressures do not affect the material. Promptly remove dusty clothing or clothing which is wet with blended cement fluids and launder before reuse. Wash thoroughly after exposure to dust or wet blended cement mixtures or fluids.

**Section VIII - Exposure Control/Personal Protection**

Skin Protection: Prevention is essential to avoid potentially severe skin injury. Avoid contact with unhardened wet blended cement products. If contact occurs, promptly wash affected area with soap and water. Where prolonged exposure to unhardened blended cement products might occur, wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent skin contact. Where required, wear sturdy boots that are impervious to water to eliminate foot and ankle exposure. Do not rely on barrier creams; barrier creams should not be used in place of impervious gloves and clothing. Periodically wash areas contacted by dry blended cement or wet blended cement or concrete with a pH neutral soap. Wash again at the end of the work. If irritation occurs, immediately wash the affected area and seek treatment. If clothing becomes saturated with wet concrete, it should be removed and replaced with clean dry clothing.

Respiratory protection: Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne. Use local or general ventilation to control exposures below applicable exposure limits. Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved (under 30 CFR 11) or NIOSH-approved (under 42 CFR 84) respirators in poorly ventilated areas, if an applicable exposure limit is exceeded, or when dust causes discomfort or irritation. (Advisory: Respirators and filters purchased after July 10, 1998, must be certified under 42 CFR 84.)

Ventilation: Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation to control exposure within applicable limits.

Eye Protection: In conditions where user may be exposed to splashes or puffs of blended cement, wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. In extremely dusty or unpredictable environments, wear unvented or indirectly vented goggles to avoid eye irritation or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with blended cement or fresh blended cement products.

**Section IX - Physical & Chemical Properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Gray or white powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No distinct odor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Solid (powder)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH (in water)</td>
<td>12 to 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Slightly (0.1 to 1.0%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>Not applicable (i.e., &gt; 1000 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity</td>
<td>2.95-3.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section X - Stability & Reactivity**

**Stability:** Stable.

**Incompatibility:** Wet blended cement is alkaline. As such it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, and aluminum metal.

**Conditions to avoid:** Unintentional contact with water.

**Hazardous decomposition:** Will not spontaneously occur. Adding water produces (caustic) calcium hydroxide as a result of hydration.

**Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

**Section XI - Toxicological Information**
Section XII - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No recognized unusual toxicity to plants or animals
Relevant physical and chemical properties: See Sections IX & X

Section XIII - Disposal

Dispose of waste material according to local, state, and federal regulations. (Since blended cement is stable, uncontaminated material may be saved for future use.) Dispose of bags in an approved landfill or incinerator.

Section XIV - Transportation Data

Hazardous materials description/proper shipping name: Blended cement is not hazardous under U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations
Hazard class: Not applicable
Identification class: Not applicable
Required label text: Not applicable
Hazardous substances/reportable quantities (RQ): Not applicable

Section XV - Other Regulatory Information

Status under USDOL-OSHA Hazard Communication Rule, 29 CFR 1910.1200: Blended cement is considered a “hazardous chemical” under this regulation, and should be part of any hazard communication program.
Not listed.

Status under CERCLA/Superfund, 40 CFR 117 and 302: Blended cement qualifies as a “hazardous substance” with delayed health effects.
Not subject to reporting requirements under section 313.

Hazard Category under SARA (Title III), Sections 311 & 312: Some substances in blended cement are on the TSCA inventory list.

Status under SARA (Title III) Section 313: Blended cement is a “hazardous substance” subject to statutes promulgated under the subject act.

Status under TSCA (as of May 1997): WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. California law requires the manufacturer to give the above warning in the absence of definitive testing to prove that the defined risks do not exist.
Not listed.

Status under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act: Blended cement is considered to be a hazardous material under the Hazardous Product Act as defined by the Controlled Products Regulations (Class E - Corrosive Material) and is therefore subject to the labeling and MSDS requirements of the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Status under California Proposition 65: Not listed.

Status under Canadian Environmental Protection Act: Blended cement is considered to be a hazardous material under the Hazardous Product Act as defined by the Controlled Products Regulations (Class E - Corrosive Material) and is therefore subject to the labeling and MSDS requirements of the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).
Section XVI - Other Information

Approved by: Susan Diehl, Vice President
Revision Date: February 9, 2005

Other important information: Blended cement should only be used by knowledgeable persons. While the information provided in the material safety data sheet is believed to provide a useful summary of the hazards of blended cement as it is commonly used, the sheet cannot anticipate and provide all of the information that might be needed in every situation. Inexperienced product users should obtain proper training before using this product.

A key to using the product safely requires the user to recognize that blended cement chemically reacts with water, and that some of the intermediate products of this reaction (that is, those present while a blended cement product is “setting”) pose a more severe hazard than does blended cement itself. These hazards include potential injuries to eyes and skin.

The data furnished in this sheet do not address hazards that may be posed by other materials mixed with blended cement to produce blended cement products. Users should review other relevant material safety data sheets before working with this blended cement or with blended cement products, including, for example, blended cement concrete.

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